

# DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. XXXII.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. TUESDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 25, 1890.

NO. 120.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**THE CALIFORNIA POWDER WORKS,**  
230 California Street,  
**SAN FRANCISCO,**  
Manufacture and have constantly on hand  
**SPORTING,**

**MINING,**  
and **BLASTING POWDER,**

A superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is being constantly received and transported into the interior, is delivered to the consumer within a few days of the time of its manufacture, and is in every way

Superior to Any Other Powder  
In the market. We have been awarded  
successively

**Three Gold Medals!**  
At the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE and the State Agricultural Society for the superiority of our products over all others. We call attention to our

**Hercules Powder,**  
Which combines all the force of other strong explosives now in use, and the lifting force of the very

**BEST BLASTING POWDER,**  
Thus making it vastly superior to any other compound now in use

Circular containing a full description of this Powder can be obtained on application at the offices of any of our agents

**JOHN F. LOWE, Sec'y.**

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**SPONGES, CHAMOISE SKINS**  
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**FINE CIGARS.**

Virginia street, Reno.

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Vegetables, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware

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**CIGARS**

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Opposite the R. R. Depot, Reno

**J. A. POTHOFF, PROPRIETOR**

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

Best Turnouts Constantly on Hand.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

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IN PALACE HOTEL, . . . RENO, NEVADA

J. GODFREY, Proprietor.

**MEALS AT ALL HOURS,**  
DAY OR NIGHT.

**OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE**

The public can rest assured that the Palace Restaurant will be maintained in a first-class manner

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

IN THE MATTER OF THE LAST WILL and testament of Oland F. Seitter, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Arthur Seitter, as Executor of the last will and testament of Oland F. Seitter, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased to present and exhibit the same, together with the necessary vouchers in support thereof, within ten months from the date of the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned as Executor, at the office of S. D. King, attorney at law, on the west side of Virginia street, between first and second streets, in the town of Reno, Washoe county, State of Nevada, for settlement and adjustment. AUBIN BERGHEIT, Executor of the last will and testament of Oland F. Seitter, deceased. Reno, Nevada, February 21, 1890.

**NEVADA BUSINESS.**

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY AND WEEKLY Nevada Journal, established 20 years. If you want to do business in Nevada, advertise in the JOURNAL

**NOTICE.**  
THE COLLECTOR OF THE RENO Water Company has been instructed to strictly enforce the rules and regulations of the company. By order of the President. RENO WATER CO.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**R. H. LINDSAY,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.  
Reno, Nevada.  
Will practice in all the Courts of Nevada and California

**DR. C. J. MULLEN,**  
OFFICE SUNDLERLAND'S BUILDING,  
VIRGINIA STREET.  
Hours, —9 to 11 A. M. and 3 to 5 P. M.,  
by 23rd.

**THOMAS FITCH,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Office in First National Bank Building, Reno, Nevada.

**DR. M. A. GREENLAW,**  
DENTIST

ROOMS over Tassell's Shoe Store, in Powning's New Brick, east side of Virginia street. All work skillfully performed and satisfaction guaranteed.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.  
Office hours from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.

**M. J. CURTIS,**  
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,  
RENO, NEVADA

Plans Furnished and Estimates Given.  
Residence and place of business—Corner of First and Stevenson streets

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**CLARKE & JONES,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
Reno Office, Virginia St., in Powning's New Brick Building

**H. L. FISH,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Deeds and other papers drawn and acknowledged at reasonable rates.

Office—In First National Bank. mydt

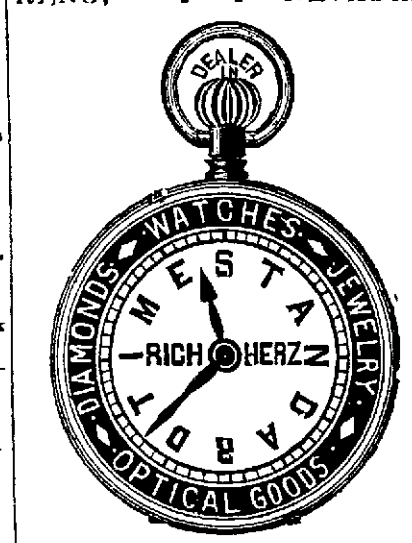
**DR. H. BERGSTEIN,**  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR

Office—Rooms 1 and 2 Sand-land's Block Virginia Street, Reno  
Residence—Corner Chestnut and Second Streets, Powning's Addition

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Surveyor U. S. Land and Mineral  
SURVEYOR  
FOR NEVADA.

GENERAL LAND AGENT. Mines laid out and surveyed for patent. Lands surveyed. Applications, Contracts, Payments on land, and all matters appertaining to taking up and holding land of the State or Government attended. Shall keep fully posted as to all lands taken and vacant in the Eastern part of the State.  
Address, ELKO or RENO, P. O. Box 8

**RICHARD HERZ,**  
RENO, NEVADA.



PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO  
Engraving and Watch Repairing  
STANDARD TIME TAKEN BY TRANSIT

**PINNIGER.**

**APOTHECARY,**

Corner Virginia Street and  
Commercial Row.

**T. K. HYMERS,**  
TRUCKER LIVERY, FEED AND STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month  
Terms to suit the times

We have also attached a large Hay Yard with good Stables. Also Corral for loose stock well watered. HEARSE TO LET

## THE JOURNAL FOR 1890.

1890.—189.—1890.—1890.

—THE JOURNAL—  
—FOR—

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—WILL BE A—  
**Better Newspaper Than Ever.**

1890.—1890.—1890.—1890.

Daily only \$5 per year.

Weekly only \$2 per year.

1890.—1890.—1890.—1890.

1890.—1890.—1890.—1890.

ALL THE LATEST TELEGRAMS  
And News of Nevada.

1890.—1890.—1890.—1890.

Address all orders,  
O. C. POWNING,  
RENO, NEVADA.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Sam'l Pitcher's old, harmless and quick cure for Infants' and Children's Complaints. Superior to Castor Oil, Paregoric or Narcotic Symples. Children cry for Castoria. Millions of Mothers bless Castoria.

Castoria cures Colds, Constipation; Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation; Gives healthy sleep; also aids digestion; Without narcotic stupefaction.

"I recommend Castoria for children's complaints, as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.  
111 So Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

THE CENTRA COMPANY, 77 Murray St., New York.

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S. O. WELLS. L. D. FOLSOM.

In Masonic Building, corner Sierra St. and Commercial Row,  
Keeps Everything in the Line of

**HARDWARE, GROCERIES,**  
AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

They Sell at Bedrock Prices and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Their Stock is Second to None in Either Quality or Assortment.

**GIVE THEM A CALL AND BE CONVINCED.**

**DO YOU INTEND TO BUILD?**  
If so now is the time to get your  
**PLANS AND ESTIMATES MADE**

I am now prepared to make plans and estimates at the  
**LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.**  
And Guarantee Satisfaction.

G. E. HOLSWORTH,  
Agent for steel roofing. Residence and place of business, First street, near Virginia.

**NOTICE TO SETTLE.**  
ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of Osburn & Shoemaker must make immediate settlement of their accounts, or collection of the same will be enforced. Call on R. S. Osburn, at the Bank of Nevada, and settle at once. OSBURN & SHOEMAKER.  
Reno, Feb. 4, 1890

**ESTRAY NOTICE.**  
CAME TO MY PLACE, AT FRANKTOWN, Nevada, on or about September 15, 1889, a horse, branded V on left hip, both ears marked. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. H. HEIDENREICH.  
Franktown, Feb. 16, 1890.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.**  
BANK OF NEVADA CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT, No. 625, for \$100, standing in my name has been lost, and payment stopped. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to me. GLENN DEBOVILLE.  
Reno, January 27, 1890.

## VERDI MILL CO.

**VERDI MILL CO.,**

VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEVADA.

**CAPITAL STOCK - \$40,000**

O. LONKEY, President. J. F. CONDON, Manager and Secretary.

Trustees:  
O. LONKEY, J. F. CONDON, C. O. POWNING.

Water Power, Run Night and Day; Electric Light; Latest and Improved Machinery.

**MANUFACTURE**  
**DRESSED LUMBER OF ALL KINDS**

**FLOORING, CEILING, RUSTIC, BEVEL SIDING AND SURFACED LUMBER**

**FRUIT AND PACKING BOXES.**

Pickets, Lath and Shingles, Sawdust for Market, Kindling Wood, Etc., Etc.

Mouldings, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Trimmings, Scroll Work, and all the latest styles of East Lake Doors and Interior Finish for Dwellings and Store-rooms.

**CLEAR AND COMMON LUMBER FOR SALE**

**ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION.**  
Address All Orders: VERDI MILL CO., VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEVADA.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**

**THE CHEAPEST! THE BEST!**  
**TASSELL BROTHERS,**

Powning's New Building, East Side of Virginia Street.  
Are constantly receiving direct from the Leading Manufacturers of the United States the Largest and Most Complete Stock of

**Fine**  
**Boots**

**Shoes.**

**FOR GENTLEMEN,**  
Shoes, Slippers and General Footgear for Ladies, Youths and Misses

That have ever been received in this city. The public is invited to call and inspect them. Boots and Shoes made to Order. Repairing Neatly Done. Leather and Findings a Specialty.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK.**

D. A. BENDER, President. G. W. MAPES, Vice-President. O. T. BENDER, Cashier.  
GEORGE H. TAYLOR, Assistant Cashier.

**First National Bank**

RENO, NEVADA.

Cash Capital, \$200,000 Surplus, \$75,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.  
Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold.

**PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:**  
BANK OF CALIFORNIA, San Francisco. NAT. BANK OF O. MILLS & CO., Sacramento.  
AM EXCHANGE BANK, New York. CONTINENTAL NAT. BANK, Chicago, Ill.  
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., London. BANCA D'ENERALE, Genoa, Italy.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**  
W. O. H. MARTIN, A. H. MANNING, GEO. W. MAPES, D. A. BENDER, O. T. BENDER,  
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**THE BANK OF NEVADA.**

**THE BANK OF NEVADA,**  
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Stock, fully subscribed, . . . . . \$300,000

WILL BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK  
London and the principal Eastern and European Cities.

**OFFICERS:**  
M. D. FOLEY, President. R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.  
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Daniel Meyer, of San Francisco; M. D. Foley, of Eureka; Geo. Russell, of Elko  
M. E. Ward, J. N. Evans, C. O. Powning and L. Abrahams, of Reno.

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Daniel Meyer, M. Brown, L. Brown and William Price, of San Francisco; Russell & Bradley, of Elko; M. D. Foley, B. H. Donnelly, W. E. Griffin, John Torre, H. Johnson, of Eureka; Mat Healey, of Susanville, Theo. Winters, of Washoe Valley; J. H. Whited, of Wadsworth; C. O. Powning, J. N. Evans, B. T. Robt, L. Abrahams, A. Abrahams, W. H. Gould, Sol Levy, M. E. Ward, B. S. Osburn, B. H. Lindsey, W. D. Phillips, E. Cohn, T. V. Julien, L. J. Flint, Mrs. D. H. Barker, J. H. Mitchell, W. M. Anderson, of Reno.

Will Transact a General Banking Business.  
Mining and other Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.

Agents for Several First-Class Insurance Companies.

**FOR FINE**

**JOB WORK**

Call at the Journal Office.

## DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. FOWNING, Editor and Proprietor.

## THE EMPIRE CITY OF THE INCAS.

John S. Hittell Tells Us Where Bellamy Got His Idea for "Looking Backward."

The Bulletin says the fourth in the course of Lick lectures, "Looking Backward in Peru," was delivered at the San Francisco Pioneer Hall last Thursday night by John S. Hittell. In spite of the storm there was present a goodly number of appreciative listeners. Mr. Hittell touched lightly on the plot of Mr. Bellamy's novel, "Looking Backward"—"a product," he said, "of pure fiction, constructed by looking forward into the realm of fancy." He purposed giving a companion picture by looking backward in the realm of fact. He said that 400 years ago there was in South America a large, prosperous, populous and wealthy empire, governed by Incas. Massive ornaments in gold and silver were made, handsome buildings erected, and fine roads and bridges constructed, the remains to-day proving the skill of the workmen. The Government took charge of the bed and board, the body and soul of everybody. There was no private property and no money, the lack of which, the speaker thought, caused more worry to Californians of to-day than the "love of it." Every man had his orders, what to do where to live and how to dress. There was no thief, no lawyer, no pauper, no millionaire, no politician, no peddler, no toper, no old maid, no old bachelor! It was a happy land! Every man was compelled to marry at the age of twenty-four, every woman at eighteen or twenty. Everything, the smallest as well as the greatest, had its exact order. Incas and their officers were respected and obeyed by their subjects as very able and good rulers. The Government was the most paternal that ever existed, and for twenty generations it was thorough and successful. By the strong socialistic institutions poverty and idleness were rendered as impossible as ambition and greed. Although the people had not the least prospect of improving their condition by toil and economy, on the other hand none could fall into indigence; but there came a time when discord among the rulers opened the door to invaders and peace and prosperity were at an end. By a little band of Spaniards, under Pizarro, the great empire of the Incas was overthrown forever. Mr. Hittell closed by saying that though the policy of the Incas Empire was different in many respects from that proposed by Mr. Bellamy, it is the nearest approach to the practical application of Nationalism recorded in the history of the world.

The Armoury, of Chicago, did a business of \$60,000,000 last year, which was \$5,000,000 in excess of that of 1888. Six thousand men were employed and paid \$3,000,000. The firm killed 1,200,000 hogs, 600,000 cattle, and 250,000 sheep.

Secretary Windom says he is a strong friend of silver, although some people did not think so. If the Secretary is a strong friend of silver let him have the coinage increased to four million per month.

The House of Representatives yesterday selected Chicago as the site for the World's Fair in 1892. And so the West grows.

Immense crowds are refused admission to the Wild West Show at Rome, the accommodations being too small.

Some western capitalists propose to organize a National Bank at Salt Lake, Utah, with a capital of \$500,000.

Senator Stanford denies absolutely that he is to retire from the Presidency of the Central Pacific road.

The Hawthorne Bulletin says that nine degrees below zero was the coldest in that town this winter.

P. T. Barnum says that 1,500,000 people attended his show in London.

Lord Salisbury has refused to recognize the new Republic of Brazil.

Minister Lincoln's son, Abraham, is dying at London.

Favorable to Silver.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—To-day Secretary Windom was before the House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures for the purpose of having an interchange of opinion on the subject of silver coinage with the members of that committee. He declared that his bill was framed to meet in the best way he could devise, the present financial condition of the country. He disavowed all charges that his bill was a makeshift; that its author did not believe in it, and that it was brought forward to defeat some other measure. He said he was really a strong friend of silver, although some people did not think so, and he was anxious for some measure that will enhance its value.

Chicago Rejoices.

Special to the Journal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—Street scenes in Chicago this afternoon and evening told of enthusiasm, modest but unmistakable. In the crowds surrounding the newspaper offices and other places where bulletins are displayed were representative of all classes of society and such cordial effusiveness, warm hand shaking, gratified smiles, and genuine shouts of joy is not often witnessed anywhere. At the clubs, hotels and other resorts the coming of the World's Fair is being celebrated with vim.

## THE SILVER QUESTION.

## TOM FITCH IN NEW YORK IN BEHALF OF SILVER.

## A Great Meeting and What Fitch Said for Silver.

## The Silver Lining Visible.

A mass meeting on the silver question was held Tuesday night at Cooper Union, New York, under the auspices of a committee appointed by the National Silver Convention at St. Louis last fall. Ex-Postmaster General James was elected Chairman.

Ex-Congressman Tom Fitch, of Nevada, followed Warner. He said:

We, who come before you to-night to consider the best means of averting the evils which threaten the farmers and laborers of our country, insist that the cause of low prices and depressed agricultural industries will be found in the currency of Congress of 1873 demonetizing silver; and we also insist that the remedy for these evils will be found in silver remonetization.

Extreme inflation of the currency of a country may induce wild speculation and result in a panic, disastrous mainly to the speculators. But extreme contraction of the currency distresses an entire people and makes them supplicants at the feet of the wealth owners. An inflation which can be sustained, an inflation which has no reflux wave will ever prove a blessing to producers. There have been paper currency inflations which resulted in temporary disasters to speculators and middlemen, but no instance can be adduced in all the history of civilization of an injury to commerce or to productive industry resulting from increased coinage of gold and silver.

Between 1849-60 the river beds and hills of California and Australia surrendered a thousand millions of gold, most of which was coined and injected into the commercial veins of the world. The elixir was more potent and beneficent than that of Brown-Sequard. It lifted half the weight from the back of every debtor. It made possible the payment of every farm mortgage. It separated manhood from the evil embrace of Apathy, and wedded him to fair young Hope. It invigorated commerce, it inspired enterprise, it led the armies of peace to the conquest of forest and prairie. No man was the poorer because of vast additions to the gold money of civilization, and notwithstanding the sudden marvelous increase in the gold production of the world, its silver product did not advance in price to the extent of a penny an ounce. Never was there less occasion for legislative interference with natural economic laws than in 1873. For eight years the people of this country had been enjoying unusual prosperity. In 1865 Southern industries were prostrate and Northern industries unsettled. From 1865 to 1873 industrial readjustment enlisted the energies of both capital and labor. We were busy restoring fields to cultivation and marls to activity; we were knitting up the industries which war had unraveled; we were opening mines, reclaiming deserts, extending railways and creating and recreating homes all over the land. The large volume of paper currency necessarily issued during the war was found none too abundant for the larger and more legitimate use of peace, and while the gold and silver which continued to be coined at our Mints did not, except on the Pacific Coast, enter largely into circulation, yet it strengthened and upheld the paper money, each month approached more nearly to the par of coin.

There was no excuse for the anti-silver legislation of 1873. Germany inaugurated the movement in order to increase the value of the vast sums of gold which she exorted from France as war indemnity. England participated in silver demonetization in order to stimulate the production of wheat and cotton in India, increase the price of food and raw material in Liverpool, and check the growth of her American rival. France and Italy acquiesced from necessity, and the United States of America joined Europe in closing the Mints of the world to silver, and so aided to reduce the export value of American products, for a reason which is like unto Cain's burial place, in that "no man knoweth it to this day."

The fundamental error of mono-metalism is mono-metalism itself. There is no reason why the increased production of silver, which began with the working of the Comstock lode in 1860, which extended to Colorado in 1878 and to Montana three years later, should have had any more effect upon the value of gold than had the increased production of gold from 1849 to 1860 upon the value of silver. So long as the arts and the commerce of the world needed all the silver produced, there was no necessity to dismiss either metal from service or by force of legislation to change the relation of value which had existed between them for many years. The union of gold and silver and their interchangeability at a fixed ratio as money metals, has been prolific of blessings to the world; their severance has resulted only in disaster.

Silver demonetization has not only reduced the wages and the prices of all commodities, as was predicted by Beaconsfield and John Stewart Mill, but it has had an especially disastrous effect upon the price of wheat in the United States. Except for the compulsory coinage law of 1873 the wheat farmers of the United States would have long since been reduced to utter instead of partial bankruptcy.

Some one in the audience at one portion of Fitch's speech asked how President Harrison stood on the question. Fitch in replying said that Harrison had disregarded the silver plank in the platform on which he was elected. He might, however, in time, give the people justice. It would be well, said Fitch, for future Presidents of both parties to turn their eyes to the West. The new States would soon turn the tables on New York as a pivotal State. While New York might continue to deal the cards the new States would take a prominent part in the shuffle.

Conference on Silver Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The Republicans of the Senate Finance Committee had an informal conference at the Capitol to-day. They expect the Committee to reach a unanimous agreement on the bill to increase the coinage of silver dollars to about the maximum limit of \$4,000,000 per month.

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## THIRTY FOUR LIVES LOST.

## AN ARIZONA JOHNSTON DISASTER BY THE BREAKING OF DAMS.

## The Coinage of Silver to be Increased To Four Million And a Half.

## Flat Head Indians—Arresting the Inter-State Commerce Act.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—A message from the President was received by the Senate to-day recommending the removal of the Flat Head Indians, of Montana, to the Jacko reservation in the same State.

Paddock introduced to-day in the Senate a bill to amend the Inter-State Commerce Act. The amendment is intended to provide relief to the farmers west who are unable at present to market their crops on account of high freight rates prevailing on a long haul, and which the railroads claim cannot be reduced without demoralizing all short rates, under the Inter-State Act. The bill provides that the long and short haul clause shall be amended, so that in case of investigation an infraction of that section the Commissioners shall be obliged to consider the cost of transportation and facts and circumstances bearing upon the market value of the product, and if it appears the product is one of the necessities of life, and upon it a justly lower rate is indispensable in order to enable such product to be transported to market, such transportation rate, so far as the long haul clause is concerned, shall be considered an exception to the general rule. The amendment also provides that a long haul, for such products, within the meaning of the amendment, shall be five hundred miles or more by the route over which the freight is actually transported.

A Great Loss of Life by Breaking Dams.

Special to the Journal.

PRINCETON, Arizona, Feb. 24.—A courier who arrived from the lower dam on the Hassayampa this afternoon, reported that a tremendous mountain of water came down the Hassayampa about 2 o'clock Saturday morning and that thirty-four men who were working at the lower dam were drowned. They were all whites, except three Chinese. The courier reports that the town of Wickenburg is safe. The loss of life in the valley between the dam and Wickenburg may not be known for some days, but it is without doubt considerable, and the number of the victims in the valley may possibly reach thirty or forty. The courier states that the upper dam had undoubtedly broken, and the force of water had carried away the two lower dams. The loss of property in dams alone will amount to \$800,000.

"Looking Forward."

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Senator Vance introduced a bill to-day establishing in every county in every State in the Union an agricultural depository under control of the Treasury Department, in which the owners of grain, cotton, tobacco, etc., may deposit their product, receiving therefor warehouse receipts and Treasury notes equal to 80 per cent of the net market value of the deposit. The deposits may be redeemed at any time on payment of the sum advanced and interest at 1 per cent per annum. Fifty thousand dollars is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the bill.

## Hanging by His Coat Collar.

Special to the Journal.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 24.—Sunday afternoon three young men out hunting between Riverside brickyard and Freepoint heard cries of "help" coming from the trees. Making their way to the spot they found a man hanging by his coat collar to a barbed wire fence, with perhaps twenty-five feet of wire beneath him. He had attempted to row beneath the fence in a boat and was stopped by the wire, while the boat continued on. When rescued he had been in that position several hours and was nearly exhausted. His name was not learned.

## Murdered His Wife.

Special to the Journal.

McMINNVILLE, Or., Feb. 24.—The Coroner's jury in the case of Mrs. Scott, who was murdered near here about two weeks ago, this evening returned a verdict that deceased died from two gunshot wounds inflicted by William Scott, her husband. Scott was arrested at once and lodged in jail.

## Suit Against the Southern Pacific.

Special to the Journal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 24.—D. S. David has filed a complaint in the Superior Court against the Southern Pacific railroad in which he claims he has been damaged by the company in the sum of \$2,135 by the latter's failure to safely carry and deliver certain merchandise from Golconda, Nev., to Seattle, Wash.

## Man Killed.

Special to the Journal.

NEEDLES, Cal., Feb. 24.—A workman named Philip Ryan fell from the great Cantilever bridge this afternoon and was instantly killed.

## Rain at Stockton.

Special to the Journal.

STOCKTON, Feb. 24.—After a strong wind from the south, indicating a heavy storm, rain commenced falling at 6 o'clock and continued late to-night.

## A WOMAN'S TROUBLES.

She Flees From Denver, Anxious to Be Captured by Chicago Philistines.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—Some weeks ago Miss Nettie Brazleton, of St. Louis, created a stir in Denver by calling on the police for protection. She told her story, which was to the effect that she had come to Denver, supposing that she was to be given honorable employment. The place offered her she found was to wait in a variety theater. She refused to accept, but the manager refused to let her go. She got away, however, and notified the police. She had been held a prisoner at the place for several days.

A few days ago she came to Chicago for the purpose of finding employment as a typewriter, and has been stopping with a married sister. Yesterday afternoon she met a dealer in railroad supplies whom she says she met at the home of a friend in Kansas City. He invited her to accompany him to see "Pinafore" at the Auditorium. As she had gone to theater with him several times in St. Louis she was glad to do so. After the opera she said he invited her to go to supper. Instead of doing so, however, he took her to a place of questionable character and there, under threats of murdering her if she made an outcry, dealt shamefully with her. Finally she escaped and informed the police. She was put into a cab and sent home. On the way home the man who had wronged her overtook her in another cab and tried to bribe her to keep silent about the matter. The man who ensnared her is said to be wealthy. He has not yet been arrested.

## DEFENDED HER HONOR.

A Plucky Young Woman Kills an Assailant.

BURKE, M. T., Feb. 24.—On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Charles Omo, the wife of a woodman living in Little Black Tail canyon, fifteen miles south of this city, shot dead Edward Smith, a woodchopper formerly in her husband's employ, in defense of her honor. Smith entered Omo's cabin, and finding Mrs. Omo alone, he made an indecent proposition, and on being repelled with a scream, he picked up a butcher knife and made a rush at the woman, saying: "I will cut your throat." Whereupon Mrs. Omo seized a revolver from under the pillow on her bed and fired two shots at her assailant, both shots going wide of the mark.

She then ran out of the cabin, followed by Smith, who overtook her a short distance from the cabin and threw her to the ground. In this position the plucky woman fired two shots, both of them taking effect in the brute's head. Mrs. Omo is about 25 years of age, is a native of Kansas, and was married three years ago in Stockton, Mo., to Charles Omo. Little is known of her assailant.

## TOO APPRECIATIVE.

Mrs. Brice Loses a Valuable Ring (at a Swell Dinner.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Though Mrs. Calvin S. Brice, wife of the new Democratic Senator from Ohio, is modest in dress, she can appreciate the beautiful as well as any woman alive. The other night she attended a swell dinner at which there were about a dozen guests. She wore a jeweled ring, unique and valuable, just given her by her husband. Her neighbor at the table saw the ring and asked to examine it. Mrs. Brice graciously complied. The ring was passed round the board, and all this time a lively conversation on other matters was in progress. Mrs. Brice forgot all about the ring and joined in the conversation. She has not seen the ring since. She will, if not returned, offer \$500 reward. Some of the 400 have not forgotten the tricks of their ancestors.

## A CHINESE BEAST.

He Has Been Debauching Little Chicago Girls.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—Hing Lee, a Chinese laundryman, was arrested yesterday charged with inducing young girls to enter his store and then assaulting them. Anna Barnstein, aged fifteen, was found in a room with him, and admitted she had been criminally intimate with him, and gave the names of several other young girls who entered the house. It is thought this will develop into another Milwaukee affair, as it is believed that the Chinese all over the city are at the same work.

## Got Even With Her Deceiver.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 24.—While visiting in Middleport, N. Y., recently Miss Mae Breeze, of Bath, Clinton county, this State, fell in love with Joseph Platt of the former place. Upon representing himself to be wealthy and unmarried she eloped with him to Canada. Shortly afterward Miss Breeze made a visit to Bath, where she learned that Platt was wanted in New York for embezzling \$1,400 from his employers. She immediately set about assisting the New York officers in their efforts to capture her deceiver. She wrote him that she was ill at Bath and desired him to come at once. When he arrived at Bath last night in response to her summons he was promptly arrested. He passed through Lansing this morning in charge of an officer on his way to New York.

## The New Silver Bill.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—In the silver bill which will be reported by the Senate Committee on Finance, Secretary Windom is authorized to increase the purchase of silver bullion from two to four and a half millions per month and to purchase gold bullion in unrestricted quantities. Upon this gold and silver bullion the Secretary shall issue Treasury notes of such denominations as he shall see fit, to be redeemable in lawful money.

## OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE.

## SECOND MONTH

—OF THE—

## GREAT AUCTION SALE!

—OF—

## DRY GOODS

—AT THE—

## OPERA HOUSE

## Dry Goods Store.

Having returned from San Francisco, I will commence on

Monday, February 17th,

To continue the Great Auction Sale of

DRY GOODS,  
DRESS GOODS,  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS AND SHOES.

10,000 yards of all wool dress goods.  
500 yards fancy striped wrapper flannels.  
10,000 yards of bleached and unbleached muslin.  
500 jackets for ladies and misses.  
500 pairs of ladies' kid shoes.  
500 pairs of childrens' shoes.  
1,000 pair men and boy's boots.  
500 suits of clothing for men and boys.  
Underwear for men, women and children in innumerable quantities.  
1,000 pairs white and colored blankets.  
200 comforters.

The above goods are all of the BEST QUALITY and will be sold to the

## HIGHEST BIDDER FOR CASH.

Sales to commence at 2 o'clock and 7 P. M. sharp, so come on time to insure sitting room, for soon after the auction commences each day standing room is at a premium. This sale will continue until April 1st, and will be a fine opportunity for parties to lay in their supply for the Spring and Summer, and at

## AT ONE HALF THE PRICE

Which is asked at other Houses in our City.

Respectfully,

G. W. BOOTON.

N. B. I have been told that unscrupulous merchants say that I am selling auction goods, but all I have to say is that a better selected stock was never brought to our city, as all who purchased at the last auction can testify that my goods were of the best quality.

C. W. BOOTON,  
Auctioneer.



## DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,  
12 CENTS PER WEEK.

## BREVITIES.

The weather has turned cold again. Postmaster Hagerman is glad to be out. There is not much Spring weather about this.

Joe Wheeler came up from below yesterday. Theo. Wintors came down from Washoe yesterday.

The Y. & T. passenger train was an hour late last night.

The State Board of Agriculture will hold a meeting to-day.

Senator Foley is expected up from the Bay this morning.

The JOURNAL now comes to the front and predicts fair weather.

The Board of Commissioners will be in session Monday next.

Ex-Senator Westerfield, of Dayton, was in town Sunday night.

M. E. Ward departed yesterday morning on a trip to Susanville.

C. Derby came up from the Bay yesterday, and went on to Salt Lake.

The Central Pacific has ordered still another rotary plow from the East.

Adeline Patti and suite passed through Reno yesterday morning for Denver.

The loss of stock in Smith and Mason Valleys will not be over fifteen per cent if it is that.

Senator E. D. Boyle, of Gold Hill, accompanied by his wife, was in town yesterday.

The sky was clear and the stars shining brightly when the JOURNAL went to press last night.

Dr. Thoma has taken the rooms in the First National Bank formerly occupied by Pierce Evans.

Elsewhere will be found some incorrect statements about a lottery in Nevada. Still the article is worth reading.

Supt. Hinobillie, of the Battle Mountain and Austin road, was a homeward bound passenger yesterday morning.

The new rotary plow the Central Pacific secured from the Union Pacific arrived here Sunday, and was sent on to Truckee.

Judge Rising will be here to-morrow to hold Court for Judge Bigelow, and to dispose of several motions, and one or two divorce cases.

The Palace restaurant is a No. 1 place for a first-class breakfast or dinner, and the coffee you get there is just as good as if made at home.

W. D. Jones has been given the contract for the sum of \$25 to furnish the State Board of Trade a compilation of Lander county's resources.

Miss Josie Kemler, formerly of Humboldt county, and a very graceful and accomplished equestrienne, died at Sacramento last Saturday, of pneumonia.

Snow plow came down from Truckee last evening to head up No. 4. The boys said the snow drifted so badly between Essex and the iron bridge that it covered the plow.

Miss Clara Smyth, who has been visiting Reno friends for the past five months, left for her home in Placer county, Cal., yesterday, after enjoying life in the snow belt for the first time.

"Nasby" was confirmed by the Senate, on Friday last, as Postmaster at Reno. The new Postmaster will make a good officer, and attend to the duties of the office with marked promptness and dispatch.

Charley Chase said yesterday he had been here thirty years, and would no longer attempt to guess as to the freaks of the weather clerk. He said he had never seen such a winter, and he did not want any more of the same kind.

The Carson Grand Army have commenced early to make arrangements for Memorial Day, and have invited Col. R. H. Lindsey to be the orator, and the latter has accepted, provided he is in the land of the living at that time.

Jack Hallinan, of San Francisco, was a passenger for Salt Lake yesterday morning, and if the Athletic Club of that city would like an entertainment Jack will be pleased to give them a good one between Dempsey and some of the other boys.

The Inyo Canal Company will soon begin the construction of a second canal of equal capacity with the first. The company means business, and make good their original appropriation of 15,000 inches by actual use at the earliest possible day.

## Loss of Cattle in Lander.

The Austin Reveille has this: We learn from County Commissioners J. A. Blossom and John B. Paul that the loss of cattle will be very large around Battle Mountain, and that more than half of the cattle not gathered up and fed will perish from cold and hunger. The latter tells us that Duppy is feeding 2,000 head of cattle, and has received two trains of hay from California, one containing 18 cars and the other 20. George Crum is feeding about 700 head and Bradley & Russell 1,000. Blossom is feeding all his beef cattle, paying \$15 50 per ton for hay to lay it down at Battle Mountain from Livermore valley, California. It is the opinion of these two gentlemen, that most all the cattle out on the hills will die. John Paul has about all his cattle feeding at his ranch and will be the least number of any rancher in that section, having at present lost but a few head.

Go to Lange & Schmitt's for ranges, and cook stoves. Best assortment in the State.

## Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the Reno, Nevada, Postoffice, February 24, 1890:

Bradshaw, M F	Moore, Richard
Baker, James T	Moran, T
Bready, Miss R	Nelson, Harry
Barber Boys,	Petterson, Jacob
Barrett, John	Moore, J B
Blair, Chas N	Ladme, F D
Baldwell, Mister C	Quigley, B C
Canyon, Frank	Richardson, W W
Clark, R	Rail, Dr J
Doonan, Carrie	Russel, S V
Flamming, John	Stephens, John
Fisher, J H	Smith, Herbert
Flizza, Mrs S	Sharp, George
Hobart, Fred W	Vennia, Charles
Hoffman, George	Whitely, T J
Jensen, O	Ward, D M
Leate, John W	West, T F
Lahom, Annie	Martino, A
Michel, J J	Milton, A G
Miller, J J	

## FOREIGN.

Allegrial, M	Nicoletto, E L
Carlo, G	Rademacher, —
Lavette, F	Zomiga D A
Mares, V	

## CHINA.

San Lee  
J. C. HAGERMAN, P. M.

## Summer Lake Losses.

Cattlemen interested in the northern country will be interested in the annexed from the Lakeview Examiner concerning Summer Lake:

The loss of stock has not been very great yet. Thos. Sherlock, J. W. Scott, J. M. Small and Klippel have each lost a few hundred sheep. Some of these were covered with drifting snow and smothered. Libbie, Gus Colvin, Conly, Geo. Winkelman, A. M. Smith and Montague about a hundred each. Geo. Pike thinks he is out of 2,000, out of 7,000. One band of 2,000 strayed away before a drifting storm, and all have not yet been found. Some have been picked up in his other herds, but he thinks some more will yet be found all right. Several who were feeding sheep have moved them out on the range, where the report good feed. The loss of cattle and horses is light so far in this vicinity and on the desert north of here.

## Losses in Sheep.

It is reported that great losses have occurred in sheep out in the Reese River section in Lander county. Out of 13,000 Geo. Walt has lost 9,000. E. L. Hubbard, well known in Reno, has only 200 left out of a band of 4,200. Warren Williams has lost 5,000 out of his 14,000, and Senator Kaiser, of Churchill, is reported loser the big half of his band of 12,000. Many others have also lost heavily.

## Here we are Again.

Another violent storm set in on the mountains yesterday afternoon, and the railroad company concentrated every effort to get the passenger trains through. A train load of cattle being loaded at Reno was cancelled, and no freight of any description would be received for the West.

## Carson Society Talk.

A prominent Carson butcher, says the Tribune, who was one of the guests at Mrs. R.'s whist party, when asked by one of the ladies present, "Pray, sir, what are the stakes now?" replied, "Madam, the best rump I cannot sell for less than twenty five cents per pound."

## Mighty Good News.

The Enterprise says: Rev. R. H. Bready writes to the California Christian Advocate that "there is a strong religious revival in Reno, and that many have been converted in the Christian faith, and that the prayer meetings are largely attended every week." People in all parts of Nevada will be glad to hear this. It is time that the Renosites should be down on their knees roaring for mercy.

## The Difference.

The Elko Independent says: The hay imported from California looks very much to this writer like wheat straw, such as farmers in the East frequently burn to get rid of. Being out green it is better than ordinary straw, but we do not think it can compare with Nevada hay.

## Not Many Cattle About.

The Silver State, of Friday last, says: J. E. Gordon, foreman on Riekey's cattle ranch, south of the railroad, says he has been riding over the range for several days and has not seen many live cattle. He thinks the loss in Southern Humboldt is quite heavy.

## Religious Revival at Reno.

From a communication written by Rev. R. H. Bready to the California Christian Advocate we learn that there is a strong religious revival in Reno, and that many have been converted in the Christian faith, and that the prayer meetings are largely attended every week.—Carson Appeal.

## Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-sav-ly

## WHAT OF EARTH.

In the reason people will not, can not or do not see any difference in cheap nostrums put up by Cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at equal price? No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BLOOD PURIFIER AND BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work cost you nothing.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Druggists

J. J. Becker is still confined to his house by a severe attack of rheumatism in both arms and his right leg.

Dave Nagle, who killed David S. Terry, was a passenger from Virginia last night.

## IS NEVADA READY FOR A LOTTERY.

The Louisiana Men May Find a Hipe Field in the Far West.

"The Louisiana Lottery will land somewhere," said Colonel Eastman, of Eureka, Nev., who was found the other day at the Grand Pacific. "If it doesn't go to North Dakota, and I don't suppose it will now, since such a howl was made about it, it may get into Montana, and if it can't make that raffle, why there is my dear old State of Nevada, which would be glad to welcome the lottery folks if it could get the same terms as were offered to North Dakota. The boys in Nevada have been on dry feed for a couple of years, and even more. There hasn't been a thing with any nutriment in it for the last two Legislatures. Stewart was permitted to go to the Senate disgustingly cheap, and as for Jores, he's got to think he owns his seat, and he beats the price down every time to a starvation point.

"But haven't the lottery folks tackled Nevada before?"

"Yes, but you see they didn't go about it right. Four years ago they got a sneak bill through the Legislature permitting the organization of the Nevada Lottery Company. This was a local affair, with such men as Chancellor Derby, Bob Keating, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, Colonel Sam Davis of the Carson Apprais, Black Wallace of Eureka, and a lot of other Nevada Statesmen at the head of it. Notably dreamed that the Louisiana company was behind this scheme, but it was. The plan was to organize the company and then sell out bag and baggage to the Zimmern-Morris New Orleans outfit. But the Supreme Court upset this law by declaring it unconstitutional, and then for the first time the Smart Alecks learned that the Constitution prohibited lottery charters. At the last session of the Legislature, a year ago, a bill was passed for an election to amend the Constitution in respect to lotteries, and at the same time a bill introduced in both Houses to incorporate the Nevada Lottery Company as soon as the election should be held. By this time, however, it had leaked out that the Nevada lottery scheme was a mere sell-out affair in the interest of the Louisiana company, and indignation burned fiercely in the breasts of the twenty Senators and forty members of the Nevada Legislature. The idea that they should have been coddling such a financial scheme, without being let in on the bed-rock, or even permitted to know anything about it! What a row they made! This discovery led to the formation of two more lottery companies, each on a sell-out basis.

"Then came such wrangles and dissensions over the division of respective spoils that the Derby-Sam Davis combination quietly jumped in and defeated the proposed constitutional amendment, and that in turn put an end to the whole business. If the Louisiana company had proceeded, or should even now proceed in Nevada, openly and above-board as they have in North Dakota, there would be no trouble. The Nevada Legislature meets next January."—Chicago Herald.

When Baby was sick,  
We gave her Castoria.

"When she was a Child,  
She cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss,  
She clung to Castoria.

When she had Children,  
She gave them Castoria.

Notice.

On and after July 19, 1889, George Becker, proprietor of the Reno Soda and Bottling works, will sell and deliver in Reno:

Soda, cream and lemon, per doz.....	\$ 50
Sarsaparilla, per doz.....	50
Ginger ale, per doz.....	75
Sarsaparilla w/ Iron, per doz.....	75
Pacific bottled beer, per case.....	3 50
Fredricksburg San Jose beer, per case 3 50	

Paint your house with the best mixed paint, sold by Lange & Schmitt.

Her Ninth Husband.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Mollie Corvia was married yesterday, this being her ninth matrimonial venture. Seven of her husbands are still living. She has been the hero of innumerable fights and lawsuits, her last exploit being the shooting of one of her ex-husbands, who attempted to break into her house. George Casick is the ninth victim of her bow and spear.

Burned to Death.

SALINA, Kas., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Baker and an eight-year old son went to a stable with a lantern last night, and accidentally set fire to the hay. Both were burned to death.

The snow is drifting badly on the V. & T. at the Soles and in Washoe valley.

The little N. & C. did not get in last night.

MARRIED.

HAMPTON—WILCOXEN.—In Reno, Nev., Feb. 24, 1890, by the Rev. R. H. Bready, P. O. Hampton to Miss Anna Wilcoxon, both of Wadsworth.

Special to the Journal.

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

## WHAT IS SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "Humors," which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

## How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. "My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofula sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CHARLIZE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

## THE PALACE

—IS—

RENO'S LEADING HOTEL

—IT HAS—

Light Sunny Rooms,

Restaurant Attached,

Fine Billiard Parlor,

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS. POLITE and accommodating attendants in every department. The house is first-class throughout, and day and night, and over the city, shown travelers.

AL. W. H. B.

EXTRA STAR

KEROSENE.

BEST AND SAFEST OIL MANUFACTURED.

Strictly Water White.

Guaranteed 150° Fire Test!

Buy the Best Oil, as they are not only the safest, but from their superior gravity and burning quality are the cheapest in the end.

No oil has ever been offered to the public that fills all the requirements of safety, economy and brilliancy equal to our "EXTRA STAR KEROSENE."

Give this Oil a Trial and You Will Use No Other.

None of the fancy brands, such as Elaine, Downer's, etc., can compare with it in quality although sold at higher prices.

BUY IT! TRY IT! and be convinced

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.,

San Francisco.

This Oil can be obtained from our Branch Stores at Sacramento, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal., at Portland, Or., and from dealers all over the Coast.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE

of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe.

The State of Nevada sends to Vincenzo Alberti, defendant, greeting:

You are required to appear in an action commenced against you as defendant by Maria Alberti, as plaintiff, in the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this summons—exclusive of the day of service—if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, or within said district, and in all other cases forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the judgment and decree of the said Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between you and said plaintiff, on the grounds of extreme cruelty on your part toward her, practiced by you since the marriage between you and said Maria Alberti, all of which will be more fully appear from the complaint which is on file in the office of the clerk of said court at Reno, in said county. And you are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 13th day of February, A. D. 1890.

R. H. LINDSEY,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

fel'd 6w

BAR ASSOCIATION.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INVITE

the members of the Legal Profession to meet at the Court House, Reno, Nevada, on the 25th day of February, 1890, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of organizing a "Bar Association" for the State of Nevada.

R. H. Lindsey,

G. W. Baker,

J. L. Wines,

Charles E. Jones,

William Webster,

R. M. Clarke,

S. D. King,

W. Woodburn,

F. M. Huffaker,

M. N. Stone,

J. A. Stephens,

E. D. Knight,

C. Mack,

W. E. Winer,

W. W. Whitcomb.

Reno, Nevada, Feb. 15, 1890.

EVERYBODY

Visiting San Francisco

CAN RETURN HOME WITH A PRESENT

that will not fail to please friend and that is a



## A CHILD'S QUESTION.

My little girl ran in and out,  
Unhappy at her play,  
To beg for this and sue for that  
In childhood's restless way;  
And every favor which she asked  
Was one I could not grant;  
"Why no, my dear, it isn't best,"  
And "No, my child, I can't."

Till wearied, I exclaimed at last,  
"I wish you'd stay or go;  
I'm tired of so much run about,  
And tired of saying no."  
My little girl made answer then,  
With pretty sadness,  
"If you are tired of saying no,  
Why don't you tell me yes!"

—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## DESIGNING UNCLE JOHN.

We were a thrifless family; we were always in debt; we were badly clothed, badly housed, badly fed, and we children were badly educated, and all owing to Uncle John. The real fact is that he was our great uncle, and my father was entitled to the reversion of \$8,000 on his death. It was like the house that Jack built; if it hadn't been for Uncle John and the reversion, my father would have consented to work like the rest of mankind. If he had submitted to the common lot, I should have had a proper education; and if I had had a proper education, my fate might have been different and happier. My great uncle never did anything for any of us.

My father used to go to see him occasionally; and when he came back he was always depressed for several days. "Uncle John is looking younger than ever; I shall never come into that money, my boy," he would say to me in a melancholy tone. "Low diet and hope deferred, my boy, have made a wreck of me." (He might have added "laziness and whisky and water.") "He'll outlive me, my boy; I'm sure he will. But you've got a fine constitution, and, bar accidents, you'll come into it after all." And so due course my father died and I was left an orphan. On his deathbed he gave me my Uncle John's address. "It's all I can do for you, Joseph, my boy," he said, "and it isn't much." And as soon as the breath was out of my father's body the landlord came in and seized the furniture; and I, having no other home in the world, proceeded to seek my only living relative, Uncle John. He received my father once a year, as has been stated; but, though I had never seen him, I knew all about him. "He's all hair and spectacles," my father had said, "and he wears a cap with flaps to it."

Now, some six or seven years prior to my father's death, Uncle John had married his cook. When my father heard of that event he was overjoyed. "That's the last straw, Joseph, my boy," my father had said to me, "that'll settle him. Why, she's a regular housekeeper. My father was out in his calculations. On his next visit to my Uncle John he declared that the old man was "gaining flesh," and then he quarreled with the horse granadier. Of course it was over the annual \$5 note, which was all that my father ever succeeded in extracting from his relative. The fact is that it was to the cook's interest to keep Uncle John alive, for besides the \$8,000 that was to come to us on his death there was nothing but his furniture and his savings. As Uncle John's widow the cook's position would be a precarious one; but with one bedridden old man to keep out of \$350 a year, as Uncle John's wife, the cook had a very good bargain.

It was a fine morning in June when I screwed my courage up to the sticking point, and in the interests of my three sisters, whom I had to keep on thirty shillings a week, I determined to call on my Uncle John and try to extract the annual "five." My Uncle John's house was in Araminta terrace, Hoxton. I knocked gently at the door, lest I should disturb my bedridden uncle; a slatternly girl opened it on the chain and asked my business.

"I've called to see Mr. Worleybone, my uncle," I replied. As soon as I had said the words a look of terror passed across the girl's face.

"Can't you call in an hour?" said the girl; "the old gentleman's asleep I think."

"If you don't mind, I think I'd like to come in and see my aunt," I replied.

"Mother's out," said the slatternly girl, "but I'll step up and ask the old gentleman."

She didn't let me in though; she left me waiting on the door step and she left the door upon the chain. She wasn't gone long, and when she returned she opened the door slowly enough and, ushering me into a little front parlor, she said: "Will you please to take a chair, and Mr. Worleybone will see you in a minute or two."

I did as I was bid. I sat down and I waited. The houses in the Araminta terrace are little two story dwellings, masterpieces of the jerry builder's art. I could hear a great running about in the floor above and the tramping of heavy footsteps, which, if I hadn't known that Mrs. Worleybone was out, I should have taken for those of my aunt, the horse—dier.

"Will you step up, please," said the slatternly girl, as she flung the door open, and I followed her to the first floor front, my uncle's bedroom.

As I entered the room I detected a strong odor of spirits. The Venetian blinds were drawn down, and, in addition, there were heavy curtains to the window which made the room unpleasantly dark.

"I hope I find you well, Uncle John," I said, walking towards the bed; and a husky voice answered me from the pillows.

"I ain't long for this world, Joseph. Please to take a chair."

Now, for the last ten years, I knew perfectly well that my Uncle John had been in the habit of replying to my father's inquiries after his health in these very words. At first I hadn't been able to see my Uncle John, but as my eyes grew accustomed to the dim religious light of my uncle's bedroom, I perceived that my Uncle John was as my father had described him, a venerable

old man, all white hair and spectacles, wearing a flapped cap.  
"My sisters sent their duty and respects, sir," I said.  
And then my uncle gave a sort of grunt.

"Don't you find the room a little dark, Uncle John," I remarked.

"It's on account of my poor eyes," replied my Uncle John, in the hoarse whisper that seemed habitual with him, "that's why I'm forced to wear these green spectacles," he said.

How stupid I was to have forgotten my uncle's weakness of vision.

Then there was a long silence, which was broken by my Uncle John.

"You ain't thinking of marrying, Joseph, are you?" said my uncle.

"Why, bless me, no, uncle," I replied.

"I've only thirty shillings a week, and there are four of us."

"But if she was an heiress, Joseph?" croaked my uncle.

"I'm open to an heiress," I replied.

"That was a likely girl that opened the door for you, Nephew Joseph," said my Uncle John. "I'm very fond of that likely girl," he went on, "and she's an heiress," added my uncle mysteriously, "and she's a sort of a girl as I'd make any young man happy."

I didn't quite see how the slatternly girl was calculated to make any young man happy, but I remembered that she was my uncle's stepdaughter; so I remarked inamely, "She's a spanking young woman, sir."

"She's all that, nephew," croaked out my uncle. "She's the very image of her blessed mother, and look how happy that woman has made me. Don't you think you'd like to walk out with her, Nephew Joseph? Don't you think you'd like to take her to the Crystal Palace?" said the tempter, my uncle.

"One can't afford to take girls to the Crystal Palace, uncle," I replied, "on thirty shillings a week."

"But suppose I was to stand Sam," said my uncle. "Joseph," continued my uncle mysteriously, "she's a puttin' on her Sunday clothes. You wait, till you see her when she's dressed."

Here was a horrible situation. My uncle was about to propose that I should take the slatternly girl to the Crystal Palace in her Sunday clothes, and all the time I was engaged to Sophia; but I didn't dare to say anything about Sophia to my Uncle John.

"That likely girl that's a dressin' her self for you, Nephew Joseph, in the next room, 'll have 200 golden shillings the day she marries, and I've been saving her up for you, Nephew Joseph, ever since my wedding day. There's a \$5 note on the mantel for you, Joseph, and there's a suffering inside. Take her to the Palace, nephew, and let me hear you've squared it between you when you bring her home. Don't you spare expense, Joseph; treat her to swings and merry-go-rounds, take her on the switchback railway; and mind you travel first class, Joseph, there's nothing fetches a young girl like traveling first class. I was young myself, once, Joseph," added my uncle, with a sigh. "She's a real high stepper is Polly."

There was nothing else for it; I had to express my delight, and as I did so the real high stepper entered the room. I shouldn't have known her. She was appalling—that's the only word for it.

"She's a blessed angel," said my uncle with enthusiasm, "and the very image of her dear mother. Heaven bless you, my children! Don't be later than 9, Joseph. Good-by, children," he said. And then I and the real high stepper started for the Crystal Palace.

I drew a veil over my sufferings at that place of amusement. Polly clung to my arm till I felt as if we were Siamese twins; and she made warm love to me upon the switchback railroad.

"You're the first young man I've ever walked out with," she said to me ingenuously while the fireworks were going on. I was no philanthropist, and I was desperately in love with Sophia; but I couldn't afford to quarrel with my uncle, so I pretended to make love to Polly. I dissembled, and I made it as like the real thing as possible; and when we reached Araminta terrace I felt like the villain of a melodrama. Polly opened the door with a latch key. We went straight up to my uncle's bedroom, where the old gentleman was still lying in state. If possible, his room smelt more strongly than ever of brandy.

"You're very late, Joseph," said my uncle, reprovingly; "but young people will be young people. I was a young person once."

My uncle is getting a little mixed, I thought.

"How did you enjoy yourself, Polly?" croaked my uncle.

"It was just heavenly, mother," cried the girl; and then the cat was out of the bag. Here was Polly's mother masquerading as my Uncle John. Horrible thoughts flashed through my mind. Perhaps they had murdered him and buried him in the coal cellar. I seized the poker. I shouted "Police!" I rushed upon my supposed Uncle John and seized his long white beard. It, his venerable wig, his hairy face, his flapped cap and his green spectacles came away in my hand, and I saw a fat, red faced woman, perfectly bald, and with huge sham eyebrows of white hair.

"Ain't you ashamed of yourself, you young rascal, to treat your great aunt in this way, and me a lone widow? Oh, Mr. Joseph," cried the woman, as she bounced out of bed and flung herself upon her knees. "Worleybone's been dead these three months, and we ain't provided for, and I was doing my best for Polly, which is my daughter, being my bounden duty. Oh, Mr. Joseph, spare the widow and her orphan child!"

"Down on your marrow bones!" cried the frightened woman to her daughter; "if it hadn't been for you, you hussy, he'd never never have found me out!"

And Miss Polly, the high stepper, dropped on her knees at her mother's side. Of course I forgave them; of course I came into the \$8,000; of course I married Sophia, and equally of course I have never said a word to her of the fearful day at the Crystal Palace with the high stepping Polly, or my subsequent terrific adventure at Araminta terrace, Hoxton.—St. James Budget.

## SOME ANCIENT PUZZLES.

## THEY SEEM TO BE INVESTED WITH A VIGOROUS IMMORTALITY.

Revising a Conundrum Which Was Satisfactorily Solved Forty Years Ago—Tricks That Are Played with Numerals—Interesting Problems in Arithmetic.

There are certain problems, chiefly arithmetical, endowed with a vigorous immortality. No matter how often the solution is printed, or how widely an exhaustive answer is published, the question comes up again, before the ink is fairly dried, to the lips of hundreds who have not seen the reply, or who either cannot understand it or will not accept it. There are several of these which we have printed so often, but which still kept coming, that to save further time we struck off a hundred proofs of each, and mailed one to the inquirers in succession without comment. These proofs are exhausted, and we have accumulated from a score or more of correspondents the same old questions, with urgent requests for a fresh solution. We notice that The Brooklyn Eagle has been struggling with one of these. The editor who has charge of that department is very clever, and we think he is playing a little with his inquisitor.

The original question sent to us forty years ago and involving the same point submitted to The Eagle was, how to find the product of £19 19s. 11d. 3f, multiplied by itself. Of course if the parts of the pounds were stated as fractions, and the pounds as whole numbers, then 19 959/1000ths could be multiplied by itself. But money of account has not two dimensions. If a table is 4 feet wide and 4 feet long, then 4x4=16 feet, and we have the number of square feet on the surface. Five times five pounds are £25; but five pounds times five pounds is unmeaning, as money does not measure itself in that fashion. Twice two children are four children, but twice children two children has no meaning. So "nineteen pounds, nineteen shillings, eleven pence, three farthings times nineteen pounds, nineteen shillings, eleven pence, three farthings," is utter nonsense.

TRoublesome Mills.

The next puzzle on the list, and one which comes the oftenest to our desk, in some form of a problem which proposes to divide a whole sum into fractions that together did not make the dividend. The original of this in our columns was an answer to an actual case where a man in his will had devised one-third, one-fourth, one-fifth and one-sixth of his property respectively to his four children, supposing that he had thus devised the whole of his estate. The fractions mentioned only made nineteen-twentieths of a whole number. This is easily seen if they are reduced to a common denominator. One-third is twenty-sixtieths, one-fourth is fifteen-sixtieths, one-fifth is twelve-sixtieths, and one-sixth is ten-sixtieths, which together make but fifty-seven sixtieths, leaving three-sixtieths (or 1-20th) to make up the whole number.

This puzzle reappears in some form every few days the year round. It is answered on the same principle involved in the interpretation of the Arab's will. He had fifteen horses and four sons. He devised his estate, giving one son a half, another a quarter, another an eighth and the last a sixteenth. They found it impossible to agree on a division. The eldest son insisted that as seven horses would not be half of fifteen he should have eight; but the other sons objected, and as neither one-half, one-fourth, one-eighth nor one-sixteenth would give either son an even lot they had a fierce dispute over the division. A venerable sheik rode up just as the quarrel was at its height, and to compose their differences dismounted and generously offered to add his mare to the fifteen belonging to the estate, agreeing that each should take his allotted share from the whole sixteen, only stipulating that his should be the last selected. The addition made an easy solution of the difficulty. The first then took eight as his half of the sixteen, the next took four for his quarter, the third took two for his eighth, and the fourth took one for his sixteenth. As this made but fifteen the sheik mounted his mare and rode away. The Arab boys regarded it as a miracle, and exclaimed that Allah had given a horse to the sheik for his generous interference. In spite of this oft told tale the problem still survives and annually puzzles hundreds of our countrymen.

JUGGLING WITH FRACTIONS.

A more recent problem which we have already answered several times, but which is repeated every week from some quarter, is the division of one fraction by another. The original question which we answered several years ago was: "What is the quotient of two-thirds divided by one-half?" The unthinking person would say that as the half of two-thirds is one-third, this must be the solution of the problem, but Daboll will easily refute it. The quotient of 2-3 divided by 1-2 is 4-3; that is, it will go in 2-3 one and one-third times. The last form of the problem, received as we write this, is to find the quotient of 1 divided by 1-2, two partners in a leading banking house, having disputed, as they say, all one day over the result, the senior maintaining that 1 divided by 1-2 is 1, and defying any one to refute it. We answer that when 1 is divided by 1-2 the quotient is 2; that is, 1 will be found two times in 1. If 6 is divided by 1-2 the answer is 12; that is, there are twelve halves in six. We should beg pardon of our readers for repeating these demonstrations if it were not for the character and magnitude of the disputes which occur every day concerning them.

We have reserved for the last of the puzzles the century question, which will never be laid to rest, we believe, as long as the world stands. We printed 250 proofs of a former answer, and they have all been distributed to parties who have quarreled over it. A writer whose initials are E. E. B. asks us in a letter just to hand whether the Twentieth century begins with Jan. 1, 1900, or Jan.

1, 1901, and declares that of all whom he addressed for an answer about half took one date and half the other. There should be no question about it. This century ends with the last moment of the year 1900, and the next begins with Jan. 1, 1901.

The muddle grows out of the fixed idea which some people have that the reckoning of time begins with a cipher, and that one is counted when the hour, day, month or year has closed; whereas all the counting of time begins with one, and at the end of the first period two begins to count. Thus, when a child is born, he enters on his first day of his life. His ten years are finished, not when he enters in his tenth year, but at its close; and his hundred years are completed, not when the hundredth year is begun, but ended. When we write 1000 we have begun the last year of the century, not ended it. The centuries do not begin with 0, 100, 200, but with 1, 101, 201, and thus the Twentieth century begins with 1901 at the first moment of that year. The quoted date comes with the beginning, not the close of the twelve months; and therefore, while we quote the year 1900 as we do every other year at its beginning, we must wait till it ends to close the century.—Journal of Commerce.

Fighting Farsen.

During the Eighteenth century Presbyterian ministers settled among the people of northern Scotland needed to be men of great strength, piety and zeal. The Rev. Eneas Sage, whose story is told in "Parish Life in the North of Scotland," belonged to the order of muscular Christians, being more than six feet in height and stout in proportion.

A year or two after he had become minister of Lochearn, he announced one Sunday his intention of holding "a diet catechising" at the house of a dissolute man, a desperate character of great physical strength.

The minister's friends remonstrated with him, but he went to the man's house, and was ordered to go away.

"Easier said than done," answered the minister; "but you may turn me out if you can."

They were both powerful men, and neither of them hesitated to put upon the other his ponderous strength. After a short but fierce struggle, the minister became the victor, and the landlord, prostrated upon his own floor, was with a rope coiled round his arms and feet bound over to keep the peace.

The people of the district were then called in, and the minister proceeded seriously to discharge the duty of catechising them. When that was finished, he set himself to deal with the delinquent present. The man was solemnly rebuked, and the minister so moved his conscience that he afterwards became a decided Christian.—Youth's Companion.

Early Use of Soap.

More than 2,000 years ago the Gauls were combining the ashes of the beech tree with goat's fat and making soap. When Marius Claudius Marcellus was hastening southward over the Flaminian way, laden with spoils wrested from the hands of Viridomar, the Gallic king lying dead by the banks of the Po, his followers were bringing with them a knowledge of the method of making soap. The awful rain of burning ashes which fell upon Pompeii in 79 buried (with palaces and statues) the humble shop of a soapmaker, and in several other cities of Italy the business had even then a footing. In the Eighteenth century there were many soap manufacturers in Italy and Spain, and fifty years later the Phoenicians carried the business into France, and established the first factories in Marseilles. Prior to the invention of soap, fullers' earth was largely used for cleansing purposes, and the juice of certain plants served a similar purpose. The earth was spread upon cloth, stamped in with the feet, and subsequently removed by scouring. It was also used in baths, and as late even as the Eighteenth century was employed by the Romans in that way.—Exchange.

Ericsson's Home Life.

Wealth was unknown to the Ericsson family, and Swedish country living at that time was plainness itself; but love abounded, and the mother's cheerful temper, with the father's good humor and generous disposition, assured the blessings of a harmonious and happy home. Caroline was a child of unusual beauty, Nils was spirited and engaging, and the baby, John, a wonder to all. As a child John was busy the day long, drawing, boring and cutting. Providing himself with pencil and paper, he would, in the early morning, run to the mines, and sit there until dark, watching with deep earnest eyes the motions of the heavy engines, copying their forms and studying into the secret of their motion. "John Ericsson, the Engineer," by Col. W. C. Church in Scribner.

The Proper Form.

I am often asked what is the best style of dress to be worn at a morning wedding by the groom. I can only say that according to "form" in New York if the wedding occurs before noon, a double breasted Prince Albert coat, silk hat and light trousers. If after the noon hour, it is more strictly the vogue to wear a single breasted black cutaway coat and vest, dark striped trousers, and carry a black derby hat. Standing collars must be worn with either costume, a four-in-hand scarf of rich, and quiet colors, gloves in harmony with the ensemble, and a bunch of white flowers as a boutonniere. The ushers and best man must be similarly attired, with the exception of a distinctive variation as to gloves and boutonnieres.—Society Man in Globe-Democrat.

Vaccination on the Leg.

A French practitioner, in the course of a large number of revaccinations, was struck with the fact that the operation was far more successful when performed on the leg than when the arm was selected. Among 177 cases the percentage of failures was 45.45 on the leg, as compared with 53.84 on the arm.—Medical Circular.

## SOCIETIES.

## Amity Lodge, No. 8, K. of P.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF AMITY LODGE, No. 8, K. of P., Knights of Pythias, held in Masonic Hall, every Friday evening commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All knights in good standing are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Chancellor Commander, S. J. HODGKINSON, K. of R. & S.

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## I. O. O. F.

THURLOCK LODGE, NO. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet in their new hall, west side Sierra Street, near the Golden Eagle Hotel, Reno, Nevada, every Wednesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend. J. M. McGORMACK, M. M. P. H. McLAUGH, Secretary.

## Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE REGULAR CONVENTIONS OF RENO CHAPTER, No. 7, R. A. M., are held in Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday in each month, commencing at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Journeymen, candidates in good standing are formally invited to attend. By order of the E. & F. W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

## A. O. U. W.

NEVADA LODGE, NO. 5, A. O. U. W., meets every Tuesday night in Masonic Hall. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend. F. MORAN, Recorder. FRANK BELL, M. W.

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